Instructions for the use of a microscope

- Set your microscope on a tabletop or other flat, sturdy surface where you will have plenty of room to work. Plug the microscope's power cord into an outlet.
- Switch on your microscope's light source and then **adjust the diaphragm** to the largest possible diameter, allowing the greatest amount of light through. If you have an iris diaphragm, slide the lever till the most light comes through.
- Rotate the nosepiece to the lowest-power objective, usually 4x for 40x magnification. It is easiest to scan a slide at a low setting, since you have a wider field of view at low power.
- Place a microscope slide on the stage, either under the stage clips or clipped onto the mechanical stage if your microscope has one. A prepared slide works best when you do this for the first time. Move the slide until the specimen is under the objective lens.
- Adjust the large coarse focus knob until the specimen is in focus. Slowly move the slide to centre the specimen under the lens, if necessary. Do this by turning the slide control knobs.
- Adjust the small fine focus knob until the specimen is clearly in focus.
 Then adjust the diaphragm to get the best lighting. Start with the most light and gradually lessen it until the specimen image has clear, sharp contrast.
- Scan the slide (right to left and top to bottom) at low power to get an overview
 of the specimen. Then centre the part of the specimen you want to view at
 higher power.
- Rotate the nosepiece to the 10x objective for 100x magnification. Refocus and view your specimen carefully. Adjust the lighting again until the image is most clear (you will need more light for higher power). Repeat with the 40x objective for 400x magnification, which will enable you to see all of the specimen detail that's necessary for high school biology lab work.
- Optional: If your microscope has a 100x oil-immersion lens, you'll need to put 1-2 drops of immersion oil over the slide coverslip (the piece of glass over the middle of the slide) before viewing it at highest power. Move the 100x objective lens into position, and then slowly move the stage up until the lens makes contact with the oil. Continue focusing with the coarse focus knob until the colour or blurred outline of the specimen appears. Finish focusing with the fine focus knob. With the 100x lens, you will be able to see additional cell detail, but you will need to take extra care with focus and contrast for a clear image. When you are done using the slide, clean the oil off of the slide and the lens with lens cleaning paper and solution.

Microscope parts

